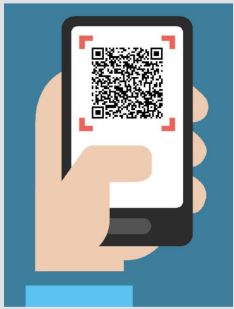


Stop Work Authority Best Practices

To simplify the SWA process, use the SAFER system:

When a worker perceives an unsafe condition, hazard, or behavior on the job site, they have an obligation to stop work or intervene on behalf of another person at risk

Target Zero Reached!

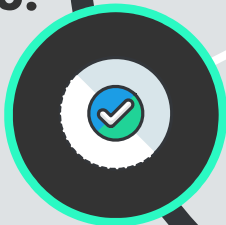


Scan to share your lessons learned to help others in the field stay safe!



5.

Resume – once the hazards have been recorded, removed or corrected, and inspected, workers will be educated on what actions were taken and work should be then be resumed.



4.

Eradicate the hazard – the unsafe conditions, hazards, or behaviors will be corrected according to the plans outlined in the SWA authorization form. The work areas that are affected will need to be inspected by a qualified professional to ensure that all hazards have been successfully resolved.



3.

File a report – Your company should have an official SWA authorization form. This helps record what actions were taken to mitigate the hazard to prevent future injuries. If the request is valid, a SWA authorization form will need to be filled out before resuming work.



2.

Assess the situation – stop work activities and make the area as safe as possible by recognizing the hazards, removing workers from the area, reporting the incident to a supervisor, and stabilizing the situation.



1.

STOP WORK - If the danger is immediate, stop work immediately and begin the SAFER sequence. If the danger is not imminent, report the hazard to a supervisor and make it clear that it is a SWA request.

